Artificial Intelligence needs guidance

Künstliche Intelligenz benötigt Führung

Andrea Aleman, PM Weltkongress Berlin, 19.09.2025

Agenda

- Introduction
- EU Al Act
- Al in Project Management
- Conclusion
- Questions & Answers

Andrea Aleman – Professional Background



- 30+ years in the IT industry across diverse sectors, roles and responsibilities
- Core expertise in change management and organizational transformation
- Senior Project Manager, IPMA Level B
- Extensive experience leading large-scale transformation programs
- Passionate speaker who genuinely enjoys sharing insights and experiences with fellow professionals

Since 2023: Navigating the AI (R)evolution - Leadership for Tomorrow's Digital Landscape

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"The EU AI Act (AIA) will fundamentally transform the compliance landscape and introduce legally binding requirements applicable to the entire AI value chain."

Al Systems (AIS):

General obligations for both providers and deployers (primarily to ensure transparency)

General Purpose AI Models (GPAIM) (e.g. GPT, Llama):

GPAIMs are subject to less extensive regulation than AI systems and are regulated as separate entities

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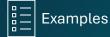
- The AIA is directly applicable EU law (Regulation)
- The AIA applies in addition to existing legislation and does not restrict it in any way (e.g., GDPR)
- · Certain AI applications are prohibited

Certain Al applications are classified as "high-risk Al systems" (HRAIS) -> Compliance with specific standards such as quality and risk management, documentation, and a declaration of conformity



Legend:







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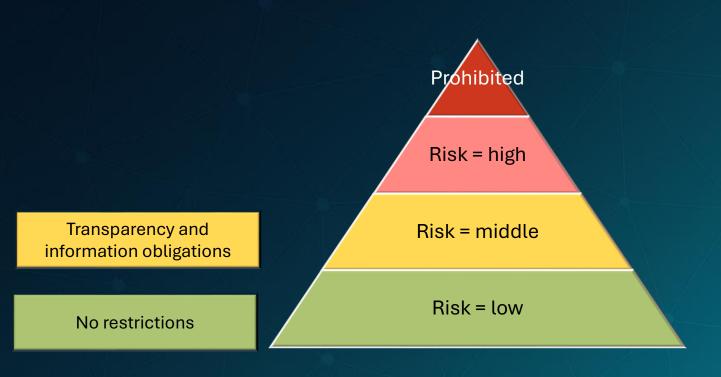






Al systems that do not pose an unacceptable risk to health, safety, or fundamental rights







Al systems that, due to their nature, must fulfill specific transparency obligations



Chatbots interacting with natural persons; Systems generating synthetic content (e.g., images, text, video) // performing biometric categorization // creating deepfakes



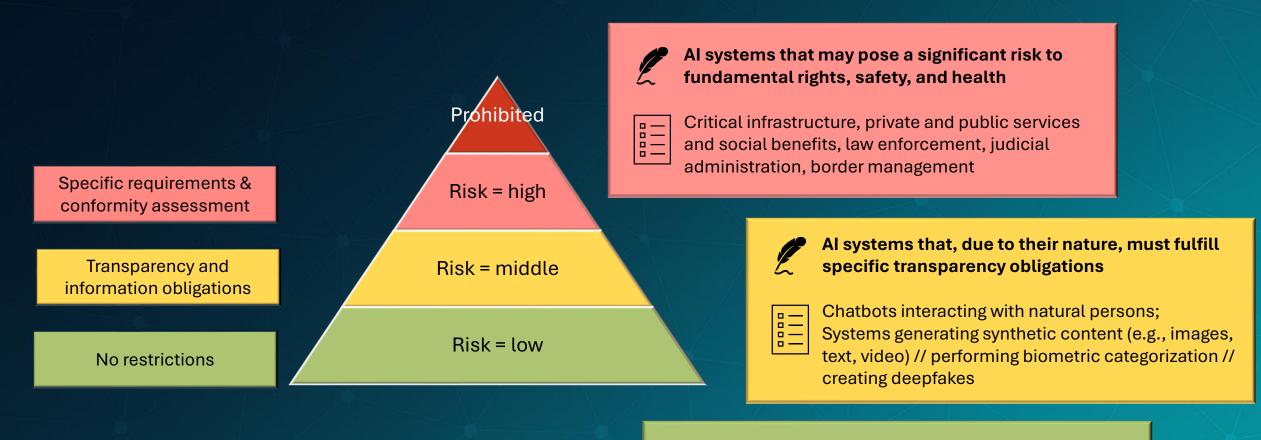






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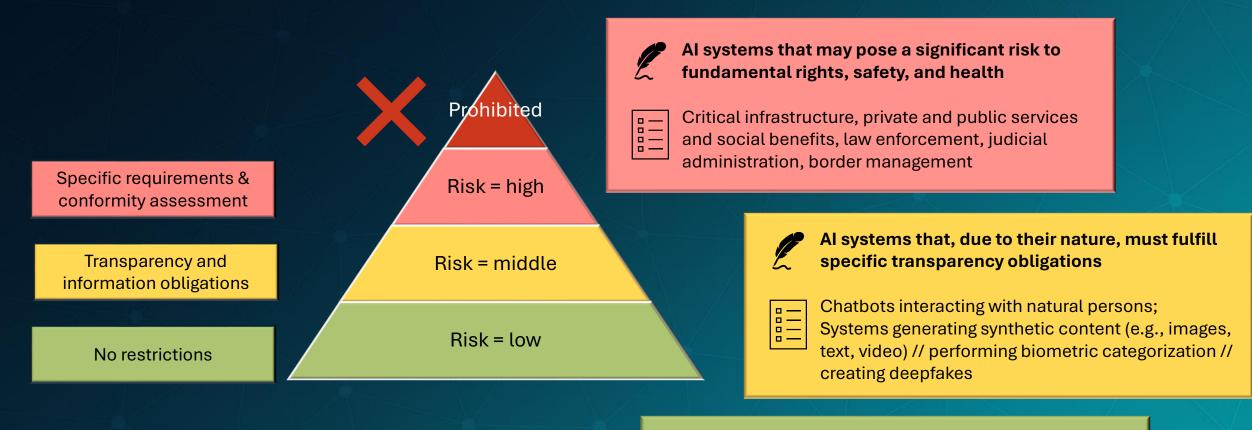
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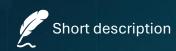


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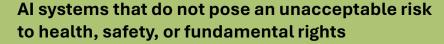


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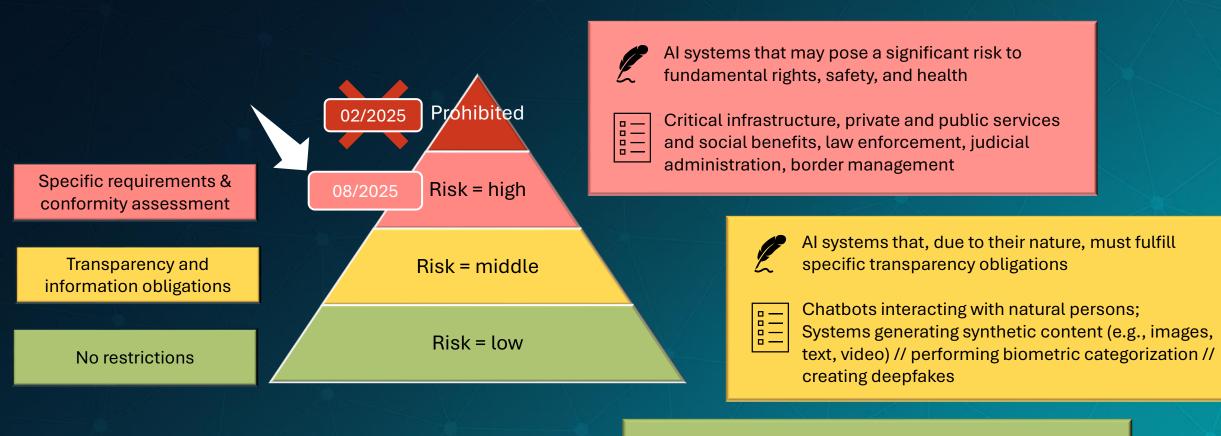












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Responsible AI and EU AI Act

What is "Responsible AI"? (RAI)

- Core guiding principle within AIA
- Goal: Ensure that AI systems are designed, developed, and deployed in line with ethical standards, legal requirements, and societal expectations
- AIA = world's first comprehensive legislation to introduce binding regulations for the entire AI lifecycle
- Responsible AI becomes a legal standard

RAI provides values and principles

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How is EU AI Act linked to "Responsible AI"?

Responsible Al Principle	Implementation in AIA
Fairness & Bias Prevention	Requirements for data quality, bias analyses, and documentation obligations
Safety & Safety-by-Design	Mandatory risk management, quality management system, and monitoring
Transparency	Clear user information, traceability, technical documentation, and labeling obligations
Accountability	Defined roles & responsibilities (e.g., Compliance Officer), reporting, auditing, and notification duties
Data Protection & Fundamental Rights	Assessment of fundamental rights compliance, data protection impact assessments
Human Oversight	Design for human control and intervention (central requirement for high-risk systems)

RAI provides values and principles

AIA makes key RAS principles legally mandantory, base on the system's risk level

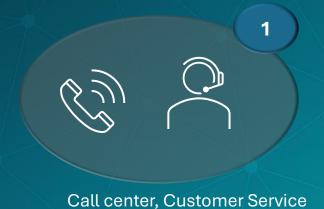
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Insurance Company



















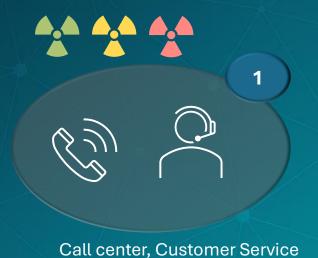






















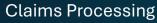














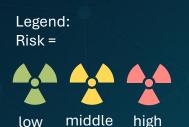






(Insurance)
Product development













Call center, Customer Service





middle







(Insurance)
Product development

Al in project management - Our daily business



Al in project management - Our daily business

PRO

- Automation of repetitive tasks
- Powerful analytics and forecasting
- Resource optimization
- Enhanced collaboration
- Continous improvement
- Scalability
- Higher productivity and accuracy



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CON

- Lacks the human touch
- Data dependency
- Limited creativity
- Learning curve and adoption hurdles
- Ethical and regulatory risks
- High implementation costs
- Risk of over-reliance

PRO

+ III - CON

• Use Al for routine, repetitive administrative tasks

BUT keep humans deeply involved in team management and morale

PRO + Λ Λ \sim CON

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Rely on AI for analytics and risk detection

BUT always validate with human oversight and contextual knowledge

PRO + Λ Λ - CON

- Use Al for routine, repetitive administrative tasks
 - BUT keep humans deeply involved in team management and morale
- Rely on AI for analytics and risk detection
- BUT always validate with human oversight and contextual knowledge
- Al is essential for large-scale portfolio/resource management
 - BUT leave creative problem-solving and strategic pivots to humans

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BUT set up strong governance and compliance safeguards

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BUT evaluate the ROI and readiness before investing

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Balance AI automation with ongoing human development, training, and leadership roles



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Human intuition, leadership, and creativity are irreplaceable in navigating complexity and driving innovation

